#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q (Mark one) □ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023 or ☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_ Commission File Number 0-01989 **Seneca Foods Corporation** (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter) New York 16-0733425 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) 350 WillowBrook Office Park, Fairport, New York <u>14450</u> (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code) (585) 495-4100 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Name of Exchange on Title of Each Class **Trading Symbol** Which Registered Common Stock Class A, \$.25 Par SENEA **NASDAQ Global Select Market** Common Stock Class B, \$.25 Par SENEB **NASDAQ Global Select Market** Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). Yes 🗵 No 🗆 Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer □ Accelerated filer ⊠ Non-accelerated filer □ Smaller reporting company □ Emerging growth company □ If an emerging growth company, indicate by checkmark if the Registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act  $\square$ Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  $\square$  No  $\boxtimes$ 

**Shares Outstanding** Class Common Stock Class A, \$0.25 Par 5,471,117 1,676,953 Common Stock Class B, \$0.25 Par

The number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common stock as of October 26, 2023, are as follows:

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### SENECA FOODS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except per share data)

	Unaudited September 30, 2023		Unaudited October 1, 2022			March 31, 2023
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,081	\$	12,887	\$	12,256
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$61, \$66 and \$34, respectively		128,380		162,517		97,101
Assets held for sale		200		4,604		4,358
Inventories		1,013,447		814,966		670,898
Refundable income taxes		960		1,367		6,976
Other current assets		2,443		3,542		2,450
Total current assets		1,157,511		999,883		794,039
Property, plant and equipment, net		305,856		283,729		301,212
Right-of-use assets operating, net		22,154		26,481		23,235
Right-of-use assets financing, net		26,578		34,838		33,571
Pension assets		58,506		51,048		59,304
Other assets		1,115		1,993		1,360
Total assets	\$	1,571,720	\$	1,397,972	\$	1,212,721
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	321,579	\$	345,151	\$	69,232
Deferred revenue		14,637		13,009		9,956
Accrued vacation		11,295		11,887		11,143
Accrued payroll		22,446		22,054		16,772
Other accrued expenses		31,277		31,051		23,293
Current portion of long-term debt and lease obligations		31,583		22,063		25,792
Total current liabilities		432,817		445,215		156,188
Long-term debt, less current portion		492,685	_	316,345	_	432,695
Operating lease obligations, less current portion		13,995		16,508		16,675
Financing lease obligations, less current portion		14,202		18,499		17,293
Deferred income tax liability, net		31,440		33,959		31,481
Other liabilities		3,356		4,039		3,639
Total liabilities		988,495		834,565		657,971
Commitments and contingencies			_			
Stockholders' equity:						
Preferred stock		351		612		351
Common stock, \$0.25 par value per share		3.050		3,043		3,049
Additional paid-in capital		99,392		98,818		99,152
Treasury stock, at cost		(188,217)		(165,871)		(168,573)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(20,488)		(26,468)		(20,488)
Retained earnings		689,137		653,273		641,259
Total stockholders' equity		583,225		563,407		554,750
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	1,571,720	\$	1,397,972	\$	1,212,721
Total habilities and stockholders equity	-	-,0 / 1,/20	_	1,001,012	_	-,, ,1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

### SENECA FOODS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF NET EARNINGS

(In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

		Three Mor	ths E	nded		Six Months Ended				
	Sept	September 30, 2023		October 1, 2022	Se	September 30, 2023		October 1, 2022		
Net sales	\$	407,475	\$	439,842	\$	706,139	\$	705,035		
Costs and expenses:										
Cost of product sold		349,357		398,063		592,732		640,413		
Selling, general and administrative		21,031		20,480		40,880		38,722		
Plant restructuring		9		52		149		108		
Other operating income, net		(1,346)		(589)		(1,543)		(2,640)		
Total costs and expenses		369,051		418,006	-	632,218		676,603		
Operating income		38,424		21,836		73,921		28,432		
Other income and expenses:										
Other non-operating income		(1,338)		(1,527)		(2,675)		(3,053)		
Interest expense, net		7,185		2,370		13,758		3,760		
Earnings before income taxes		32,577		20,993		62,838		27,725		
Income taxes		7,798		4,862		14,948		6,491		
Net earnings	\$	24,779	\$	16,131	\$	47,890	\$	21,234		
Earnings per share:										
Basic	\$	3.32	\$	2.05	\$	6.36	\$	2.64		
Diluted	\$	3.29	\$	2.03	\$	6.30	\$	2.62		
Weighted average common shares outstanding:										
Basic		7,445		7,836		7,521		7,995		
Diluted		7,515		7,906		7,591		8,065		

 $The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ these\ unaudited\ condensed\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$ 

# SENECA FOODS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three	Three Months Ended					ded
	September 30 2023	,	October 1, 2022	Se	ptember 30, 2023		October 1, 2022
Comprehensive income:							
Net earnings	\$ 24,7	79 \$	16,131	\$	47,890	\$	21,234
Total	\$ 24,7	79 \$	16,131	\$	47,890	\$	21,234

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

### SENECA FOODS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended					
	ember 30, 2023		October 1, 2022			
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net earnings	\$ 47,890	\$	21,234			
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash from operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization	21,769		19,844			
Gain on the sale of assets	(1,785)		(2,167)			
Deferred income taxes	(41)		943			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable	(31,279)		(42,848)			
Inventories	(342,549)		(410,971)			
Other current assets	7		1,651			
Income taxes	6,016		4,079			
Accounts payable	252,347		257,549			
Accrued expenses and other	21,346		17,065			
Net cash used in operating activities	 (26,279)		(133,621)			
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(26,452)		(33,871)			
Proceeds from the sale of assets	7,566		4,045			
Net cash used in investing activities	 (18,886)		(29,826)			
Cash flows from financing activities:	<u> </u>					
Long-term borrowing	551,313		499,956			
Payments on long-term debt	(482,107)		(293,235)			
Payments on financing leases	(4,560)		(4,287)			
Purchase of treasury stock	(19,644)		(36,992)			
Dividends	(12)		(12)			
Net cash provided by financing activities	44,990		165,430			
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(175)		1,983			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	12,256		10,904			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	\$ 12,081	\$	12,887			
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:						
Noncash transactions:						
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	\$ 4,136	\$	5,166			
Right-of-use assets derecognized upon early lease termination	\$ 2,298	\$	2,564			
Property, plant and equipment purchased on account	\$ 934	\$	517			
Sale of property, plant and equipment in exchange for note receivable	\$ -	\$	750			

 $The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ these\ unaudited\ condensed\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$ 

# SENECA FOODS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands) (Unaudited)

		eferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Other Treasury Comprehe		Accumulated Other omprehensive Loss		Retained Earnings	
First Quarter FY 2024:												
Balances, March 31, 2023	\$	351	\$	3,049	\$	99,152	\$	(168,573)	\$	(20,488)	\$	641,259
Net earnings		-		-		-		-		-		23,111
Cash dividends declared on preferred stock		-		-		-		-		-		(12)
Issue stock for bonus program		-		-		72		-		-		-
Equity incentive program		-		-		80		-		-		-
Purchase treasury stock		-		-		-		(2,177)		-		<u>-</u>
Balances, July 1, 2023	\$	351	\$	3,049	\$	99,304	\$	(170,750)	\$	(20,488)	\$	664,358
Second Quarter FY 2024:												
Net earnings		-		-		-		-		-		24,779
Equity incentive program		-		1		88		-		-		-
Purchase treasury stock		-		-		-		(17,467)		-		-
Balances, September 30, 2023	\$	351	\$	3,050	\$	99,392	\$	(188,217)	\$	(20,488)	\$	689,137
First Quarter FY 2023:												
Balances, March 31, 2022	\$	644	\$	3.041	\$	98.641	\$	(128,879)	\$	(26,468)	\$	632,051
Net earnings	φ	011	Φ	3,041	φ	90,041	Φ	(120,079)	Φ	(20,400)	φ	5,103
Cash dividends declared on preferred stock												(12)
Issue stock for bonus program		_		1		76				_		(12)
Equity incentive program		_				33		_		_		_
Purchase treasury stock		_		_		-		(15,923)		_		_
Balances, July 2, 2022	\$	644	\$	3,042	\$	98,750	\$	(144,802)	\$	(26,468)	\$	637,142
G 10 1 174 2022												
Second Quarter FY 2023:												16 101
Net earnings		-		-		37		-		-		16,131
Equity incentive program		(22)		- 1		31		-		-		-
Preferred stock conversion		(32)		1		31		(21.060)		-		-
Purchase treasury stock	\$	612	\$	3,043	\$	98,818	\$	(21,069)	\$	(26,468)	\$	653,273
Balances, October 1, 2022	3	012	Ф	3,043	Þ	98,818	Þ	(103,871)	Ф	(20,408)	Þ	033,273
	Cur Ca	Voting nulative allable r \$0.25		10% Voting Cumulative Convertible Par \$0.025		Participating Convertible Par \$0.025	_	Class A Common Par \$0.25		Class B Common Par \$0.25		
Shares authorized and designated:												
September 30, 2023		200,000		1,400,000		8,292		20,000,000		10,000,000		
Shares outstanding:												
September 30, 2023		200,000		807,240		8,292		5,555,666		1,699,753		

 $The\ accompanying\ notes\ are\ an\ integral\ part\ of\ these\ unaudited\ condensed\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$ 

#### 1. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

Seneca Foods Corporation (the "Company") is a leading provider of packaged fruits and vegetables with 26 facilities in eight states in support of its operations. The Company's principal products include canned vegetables, frozen vegetables, jarred fruit, and other food products. The products are sold nationwide by major grocery outlets, including supermarkets, mass merchandisers, limited assortment stores, club stores and dollar stores. Additionally, products are sold to food service distributors, restaurant chains, industrial markets, other food packagers, export customers in approximately 60 countries, and federal, state and local governments for school and other food programs.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") applicable to interim financial statements. While these statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of items of a normal recurring nature) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim period, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by United States generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for complete financial statement presentation. The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statement disclosures in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment No. 1) for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.

Due to the seasonal nature of the business, quarterly operating results and cash flows are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for other interim periods or the full year. All references to years are fiscal years ended or ending March 31 unless otherwise indicated. Certain percentage tables may not foot due to rounding.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions. Such estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The Company evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, including the current economic environment. The Company adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

The Company uses the same accounting policies in preparing quarterly and annual financial statements. A summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Company are set forth in Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment No. 1) for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.

Reclassifications—Certain previously reported amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period classification, notably that plant restructuring is shown as a separate line item in the statements of net earnings and was previously condensed. Additionally, on the statements of cash flows, the change in accounts payable is presented separately from accrued expenses and other after previously being condensed into the same line item within net cash used in operating activities. There was no impact to any totals or subtotals on the condensed consolidated balance sheets, statements of net earnings, or statements of cash flows as a result of the reclassifications. In addition, the Company's balance sheet for the six-month period ended October 1, 2022 has been adjusted to reflect the beginning balance of certain items in accordance with the restated March 31, 2022 balance sheet shown on the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment No. 1) that was filed with SEC on July 31, 2023.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements and Policies

Effective April 1, 2022, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, which was subsequently amended in November 2018 through ASU No. 2018-19, Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses ("ASU 2016-13"). The amended guidance requires entities to estimate lifetime expected credit losses for trade and other receivables, including those that are current with respect to payment terms, along with other financial instruments which may result in earlier recognition of credit losses. The Company evaluated its existing methodology for estimating an allowance for doubtful accounts and the risk profile of its receivables portfolio and developed a model that includes the qualitative and forecasting aspects of the "expected loss" model under the amended guidance. In determining the Company's reserve for credit losses, receivables are assigned an expected loss based on historical information adjusted for forward-looking economic factors. The adoption of ASU 2016-13 did not have a material impact to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2020-04, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting ("ASU 2020-04"). ASU 2020-04 provides optional guidance for a limited time to ease the potential accounting burden associated with transitioning away from reference rates such as the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-06, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848 that extends the period of time preparers can utilize the reference rate reform relief guidance, so the FASB has deferred the sunset date of Topic 848 from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2024. The interest rates associated with the Company's previous borrowings under its senior revolving credit facility (as defined in Note 7, "Long-term Debt") were tied to LIBOR. Subsequent to the amendment of the senior revolving credit facility agreement on September 14, 2022, the Company's borrowings are tied to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus a spread adjustment (see Note 7, "Long-term Debt"). The adoption of ASU 2020-04 as a result of this amendment did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. Revenue Recognition

Revenue recognition is completed for most customers at a point in time when product control is transferred to the customer. In general, control transfers to the customer when the product is shipped or delivered to the customer based upon applicable shipping terms, as the customer can direct the use and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from the asset at this point in time. The Company does sell certain finished goods inventory for cash on a bill and hold basis. The terms of the bill and hold agreement provide that title to the specified inventory is transferred to the customer prior to shipment and the Company has the right to payment (prior to physical delivery) which results in recorded revenue as determined under the revenue recognition standard.

In the following table, revenue is disaggregated by product category groups (in thousands):

		Three Mor	nths	Ended	Six Months Ended				
		ptember 30, 2023		October 1, 2022	S	eptember 30, 2023	October 1, 2022		
Canned vegetables	\$	328,586	\$	364,749	\$	579,536	\$	583,084	
Frozen vegetables		43,046		40,095		64,585		59,806	
Fruit products		22,801		23,971		39,539		42,303	
Snack products		4,256		3,695		7,354		6,675	
Other		8,786		7,332		15,125		13,167	
	\$	407,475	\$	439,842	\$	706,139	\$	705,035	

As a result of certain contracts with customers, the Company has contract asset balances of \$0.5 million, \$0.5 million, and \$0.6 million as of September 30, 2023, October 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023, respectively, which are included in other current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company records deferred revenue for prepaid case and labeling and storage services which have been collected from bill and hold sales. Amounts are recognized in revenue as the associated performance obligation is satisfied and control has transferred to the customer.

#### 3. Earnings per Common Share

Earnings per share for the three and six months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 are as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		Three Mor	ıths	Ended	Six Months Ended					
	September 30, 2023			October 1, 2022	Se	eptember 30, 2023		October 1, 2022		
Basic										
Net earnings	\$	24,779	\$	16,131	\$	47,890	\$	21,234		
Deduct preferred stock dividends paid		6		6		12		12		
Undistributed net earnings		24,773		16,125		47,878		21,222		
Earnings attributable to participating preferred		28		65		53		85		
Earnings attributable to common shareholders	\$	24,745	\$	16,060	\$	47,825	\$	21,137		
Weighted average common shares outstanding		7,445	_	7,836	_	7,521	_	7,995		
Basic earnings per common share	\$	3.32	\$	2.05	\$	6.36	\$	2.64		
Diluted										
Earnings attributable to common shareholders	\$	24,745	\$	16,060	\$	47,825	\$	21,137		
Add dividends on convertible preferred stock		5		5		10		10		
Earnings attributable to common stock on a diluted basis	\$	24,750	\$	16,065	\$	47,835	\$	21,147		
Weighted average common shares outstanding-basic		7,445		7,836		7,521		7,995		
Additional shares issued related to the equity compensation plan		3		3		3		3		
Additional shares to be issued under full conversion of preferred										
stock		67		67		67		67		
Total shares for diluted		7,515	_	7,906		7,591	_	8,065		
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	3.29	\$	2.03	\$	6.30	\$	2.62		

#### 4. Inventories

The Company uses the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method of valuing inventory. An actual valuation of inventory under the LIFO method is made at the end of each fiscal year based on the inventory levels and costs at that time. Accordingly, interim LIFO calculations are based on management's estimates of expected year-end inventory levels, production pack yields, sales and the expected rate of inflation or deflation for the year. The interim LIFO calculations are subject to adjustment in the final year-end LIFO inventory valuation.

As of September 30, 2023, October 1, 2022, and March 31, 2023, first-in, first-out ("FIFO") based inventory costs exceeded LIFO based inventory costs, resulting in a LIFO reserve of \$310.1 million, \$219.3 million, and \$302.4 million, respectively. In order to state inventories at LIFO, the Company recorded an increase to cost of products sold of \$9.3 million and \$29.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively, and an increase to cost of products sold of \$7.6 million and \$48.4 million for the six months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively.

The following table shows inventory by category and the related LIFO reserve (in thousands):

	As of:										
	September 30,			October 1,		March 31,					
		2023		2022		2023					
Finished products	\$	988,307	\$	805,500		613,622					
In process		87,463		47,050		75,123					
Raw materials and supplies		247,733		181,680		284,593					
		1,323,503		1,034,230		973,338					
Less excess of FIFO cost over LIFO cost		310,056		219,264		302,440					
Total inventories	\$	1,013,447	\$	814,966	\$	670,898					

#### 5. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	As of:								
	S	September 30,		October 1,		March 31,			
	2023			2022	2023				
Land and land improvements	\$	48,385	\$	43,686	\$	46,978			
Buildings and improvements		231,736		204,767		214,110			
Machinery and equipment		440,206		421,015		421,067			
Office furniture, vehicles and computer software		13,149		10,326		11,738			
Construction in progress		23,575		40,688		40,539			
Property, plant and equipment, cost		757,051		720,482		734,432			
Less: accumulated depreciation		(451,195)		(436,753)		(433,220)			
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	305,856	\$	283,729	\$	301,212			

Depreciation expense totaled \$9.3 million and \$8.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively. For the six months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, depreciation expense totaled \$18.1 million and \$16.4 million, respectively.

#### 6. Assets Held for Sale

The Company classifies its assets as held for sale at the time management commits to a plan to sell the asset, the asset is actively marketed and available for immediate sale, and the sale is expected to be completed within one year. Due to market conditions, certain assets may be classified as held for sale for more than one year as the Company continues to actively market the assets. The Company has non-operating facilities and equipment that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale and are recorded at the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. The following table presents information related to the major classes of assets that were classified as held for sale in the condensed consolidated balance sheets (in thousands):

		As of:								
	Septer	September 30,				March 31,				
	2	023	2	2022	2023					
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	200	\$	4,604	\$	4,358				
Current assets held for sale	\$	200	\$	4,604	\$	4,358				

The decrease in assets held for sale during the six months ended September 30, 2023 was due to a reduction of \$1.6 million for write-downs to properly reflect the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell and a reduction of \$2.5 million in connection with the sale of non-operational assets in the Pacific Northwest. The Company received proceeds of \$4.4 million, resulting in a net gain of \$1.9 million which is recorded in other operating income, net in the condensed consolidated statement of net earnings.

#### 7. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

As of							
September 30, 2023		October 1, 2022	March 31, 2023				
\$	134,757	\$ 229,213	\$ 180,598				
	87,000	91,000	89,000				
	(53)	(84)	(68)				
	86,947	90,916	88,932				
	291,000	-	173,500				
	(1,019)	<u> </u>	(551)				
	289,981	-	172,949				
	216	216	216				
	511,901	320,345	442,695				
	19,216	4,000	10,000				
\$	492,685	\$ 316,345	\$ 432,695				
		2023 \$ 134,757 87,000 (53) 86,947 291,000 (1,019) 289,981 216 511,901 19,216	September 30, 2023         October 1, 2022           \$ 134,757         \$ 229,213           87,000         91,000           (53)         (84)           86,947         90,916           291,000         -           (1,019)         -           289,981         -           216         216           511,901         320,345           19,216         4,000				

#### Revolving Credit Facility

On March 24, 2021, the Company entered into a Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement that provides for a senior revolving credit facility of up to \$400.0 million that is seasonally adjusted (the "Revolver"). Maximum borrowings under the Revolver total \$300.0 million from April through July and \$400.0 million from August through March. The Revolver balance is included in Long-Term Debt in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets due to the Revolver's March 24, 2026 maturity. In order to maintain availability of funds under the facility, the Company pays a commitment fee on the unused portion of the Revolver. The Revolver is secured by substantially all of the Company's accounts receivable and inventories and contains borrowing base requirements as well as a financial covenant, if certain circumstances apply. The Company utilizes its Revolver for general corporate purposes, including seasonal working capital needs, to pay debt principal and interest obligations, and to fund capital expenditures and acquisitions.

Seasonal working capital needs are affected by the growing cycles of the vegetables the Company packages. The majority of vegetable inventories are produced during the months of June through November and are then sold over the following year. Payment terms for vegetable produce are generally three months but can vary from a few days to seven months. Accordingly, the Company's need to draw on the Revolver may fluctuate significantly throughout the year.

On September 14, 2022, the Company entered into a First Amendment to the Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the "Revolver Amendment") which amended several provisions to replace LIBOR with SOFR plus a spread adjustment as the interest rate benchmark on the Revolver. The transition to SOFR did not materially impact the interest rates applied to the Company's borrowings. No other material changes were made to the terms of the Company's Revolver as a result of the Revolver Amendment.

The following table illustrates certain quantitative data for Revolver borrowings during fiscal year 2024 and fiscal year 2023 (in thousands):

		As of:								
	1	ember 30, 2023	October 1, 2022			March 31, 2023				
Outstanding borrowings	\$	134,757	\$	229,213	\$	180,598				
Weighted average interest rate		6.93%		4.16%	,	6.34%				

		Three Mon	iths E	Ended:		ided:		
	September 30, 2023			October 1, 2022	September 30, 2023			October 1, 2022
Maximum amount of borrowings	\$	134,757	\$	229,213	\$	180,785	\$	229,213
Average outstanding borrowings	\$	75,955	\$	128,650	\$	92,218	\$	77,277
Weighted average interest rate		6.95%		3.66%		6.67%		3.42%

#### Term Loans

On May 28, 2020, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Loan and Guaranty Agreement with Farm Credit East, ACA that provides for a \$100.0 million unsecured term loan. The amended and restated agreement has a maturity date of June 1, 2025 and converted the term loan to a fixed interest rate of 3.3012% until maturity in addition to requiring quarterly principal payments of \$1.0 million, which commenced during fiscal year 2021. This agreement contains certain covenants, including maintaining a minimum EBITDA and minimum tangible net worth.

On January 20, 2023, the Company entered into a Second Amended and Restated Loan and Guaranty Agreement with Farm Credit East, ACA (the "Agreement") which governs two term loans, as summarized below:

Term Loan A-1: The Agreement continues certain aspects of the existing \$100.0 million term loan described above, namely Term Loan A-1 will continue to bear interest at a fixed interest rate of 3.3012%, mature on June 1, 2025, require quarterly principal payments of \$1.0 million, and remain unsecured.

Term Loan A-2: The Agreement adds an additional term loan in the amount of \$175.0 million that will mature on January 20, 2028, and is secured by a portion of the Company's property, plant and equipment. Term Loan A-2 bears interest at a variable interest rate based upon SOFR plus an additional margin determined by the Company's leverage ratio. Quarterly payments of principal outstanding on Term Loan A-2 in the amount of \$1.5 million commenced on March 1, 2023.

On May 23, 2023, the Agreement was amended by the Second Amended and Restated Loan and Guaranty Agreement Amendment 1 which amends, restates and replaces in its entirety Term Loan A-2 (the "Amendment"). The Amendment provides a single advance term facility in the principal amount of \$125.0 million to be combined with the outstanding principal balance of \$173.5 million on Term Loan A-2 into one single \$298.5 million term loan ("Amended Term Loan A-2"). Amended Loan Term A-2 is secured by a portion of the Company's property, plant and equipment and bears interest at a variable interest rate based upon SOFR plus an additional margin determined by the Company's leverage ratio. Quarterly payments of principal outstanding on Amended Term Loan A-2 in the amount of \$3.75 million commenced on June 1, 2023. The Amendment continues all aspects of Term Loan A-1 as defined in the Agreement.

The Amendment contains restrictive covenants usual and customary for loans of its type, in addition to financial covenants including minimum EBITDA and minimum tangible net worth. In connection with Amended Term Loan A-2, the Company incurred \$1.1 million of financing costs which will be deferred and amortized over the life of the term loan.

#### 8. Leases

The Company determines whether an arrangement is a lease at inception of the agreement. Presently, the Company leases land, machinery and equipment under various operating and financing leases.

Right-of-Use ("ROU") assets represent the Company's right to use the underlying assets for the lease term, and lease obligations represent the net present value of the Company's obligation to make payments arising from these leases. ROU assets and lease obligations are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term using the implicit lease interest rate or, when unknown, an incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date or April 1, 2019 for leases that commenced prior to that date.

Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease, and the impact of these options are included in the calculation of the ROU asset and lease obligation only when the exercise of the option is at the Company's sole discretion and it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. The Company will not separate lease and non-lease components for its leases when it is impractical to separate the two. In addition, the Company may have certain leases that have variable payments based solely on output or usage of the leased asset. These variable operating lease assets are excluded from the Company's balance sheet presentation and expensed as incurred. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less, or short-term leases, are not recorded on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

ROU assets and lease obligations for the Company's operating and financing leases are disclosed separately in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. The components of lease cost were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended			
	ember 30, 2023	О	October 1, 2022		September 30, 2023		October 1, 2022		
Lease cost:									
Amortization of ROU assets	\$ 1,644	\$	1,668	\$	3,484	\$	3,257		
Interest on lease liabilities	 199		242		422		481		
Finance lease cost	1,843		1,910		3,906		3,738		
Operating lease cost	1,809		3,657		4,158		7,884		
Total lease cost	\$ 3,652	\$	5,567	\$	8,064	\$	11,622		
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:									
Operating cash flows from finance leases				\$	422	\$	481		
Operating cash flows from operating leases					6,976		10,404		
Financing cash flows from finance leases					4,560		4,287		
				\$	11,958	\$	15,172		
ROU assets obtained in exchange for new finance lease liabilities				\$	73	\$	3,298		
ROU assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities				\$	4,063	\$	1,868		
Weighted-average lease term (years):									
Financing leases					4.5		4.6		
Operating leases					4.7		4.5		
Weighted-average discount rate (percentage):									
Financing leases					3.9%	)	3.5%		
Operating leases					4.7%	)	4.2%		

Undiscounted future lease payments under non-cancelable operating and financing leases, along with a reconciliation of undiscounted cash flows to operating and financing lease obligations, respectively, as of September 30, 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

Years ending March 31:	 Operating	 Financing
Balance of 2024	\$ 1,701	\$ 3,765
2025	6,447	5,301
2026	4,652	4,210
2027	3,520	3,152
2028	3,269	2,774
2029-2034	 2,969	 2,964
Total minimum payment required	\$ 22,558	\$ 22,166
Less interest	2,277	1,883
Present value of minimum lease payments	20,281	20,283
Amount due within one year	6,286	6,081
Long-term lease obligations	\$ 13,995	\$ 14,202

#### 9. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate was 23.8% and 23.4% for the six months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively. The effective tax rate increased in the current six-month interim period primarily due to generating fewer federal credits in fiscal year 2024, which increased the current year's effective tax rate by 1.0%. This increase was partially offset by permanent differences and state rate changes having a favorable impact on the effective rate, reducing the rate by a combined 0.6%.

#### 10. Retirement Plans

The net periodic benefit cost for the Company's pension plan consisted of (in thousands):

		Three Mon	Ended	Six Months Ended				
	September 30, 2023			October 1, 2022		September 30, 2023		October 1, 2022
Service cost including administration	\$	1,737	\$	2,435	\$	3,473	\$	4,870
Interest cost		2,818		2,374		5,636		4,748
Expected return on plan assets		(4,175)		(4,026)		(8,349)		(8,051)
Amortization of prior service cost		19		23		38		46
Amortization of net loss		-		103		-		205
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	399	\$	909	\$	798	\$	1,818

There were no pension contributions made during the six months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022.

#### 11. Stockholders' Equity

During the six months ended September 30, 2023, the Company repurchased 386,681 shares of its Class A Common Stock at a cost of \$19.6 million, which are included in Treasury Stock. During the six months ended October 1, 2022, the Company repurchased 689,926 shares of its Class A Common Stock at a cost of \$37.0 million. The Company did not repurchase any of its Class B Common Stock in either six-month interim period. As of September 30, 2023, there are 4,952,923 shares or \$188.2 million of repurchased stock being held as Treasury Stock. These shares are not considered outstanding.

#### 12. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses are reflected in the condensed consolidated balance sheets at carrying value, which approximates fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

On a quarterly basis, the Company estimates the fair values for financial instruments that are recorded at carrying value on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The estimated fair value for long-term debt (classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy) is determined by the quoted market prices for similar debt (comparable to the Company's financial strength) or current rates offered to the Company for debt with the same maturities. The fair value and carrying value of the Company's long-term debt are as follows (in thousands):

		As of:							
	1	September 30,		ctober 1,	March 31,				
	20	023		2022		2023			
Carrying value	\$	511,901	\$	320,345	\$	442,695			
Fair value	\$	504,262	\$	312,336	\$	436,293			

#### 13. Other Operating Income and Expense

The Company had net other operating income of \$1.3 million and \$1.5 million during the three and six months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, which was driven primarily by the sale of non-operational assets in the Pacific Northwest. During the three months ended October 1, 2022, the Company had net other operating income of \$0.6 million, driven primarily by a true-up of the supplemental early retirement plan accrual partially offset by a loss on the sale of various fixed assets. During the six months ended October 1, 2022, the Company had net other operating income of \$2.6 million, which was driven primarily by a gain on the sale of the Company's western trucking fleet amongst other fixed assets and a true-up of the supplemental early retirement plan accrual.

#### 14. Restructuring

The following table summarizes the rollforward of restructuring charges recorded and the accruals established (in thousands):

	Restructuring Payable							
	Severance	Other Cos	ts	Total				
Balance March 31, 2023	\$ 117	\$	-	\$	117			
First quarter charge	(42)		182		140			
Second quarter charge	-		9		9			
Cash payments/write-offs	(75)		(191)		(266)			
Balance September 30, 2023	\$ -	\$		\$				

	Severance		Other Costs	Total
Balance March 31, 2022	\$	- \$	-	\$ -
First quarter charge		-	56	56
Second quarter charge		-	52	52
Cash payments/write-offs		<u>-</u>	(108)	(108)
Balance October 1, 2022	\$	- \$		\$

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, the Company incurred restructuring charges primarily due to equipment moves from ceasing production of green beans at a plant in the Northeast in the previous fiscal year. During the three and six months ended October 1, 2022, respectively, the Company incurred restructuring charges primarily related to plants that were closed in previous periods.

#### 15. Legal Proceedings and Other Contingencies

In the ordinary course of its business, the Company is made a party to certain legal proceedings seeking monetary damages, including proceedings involving product liability claims, workers' compensation along with other employee claims, tort and other general liability claims, for which it carries insurance, as well as patent infringement and related litigation. The Company is in a highly regulated industry and is also periodically involved in government actions for regulatory violations and other matters surrounding the manufacturing of its products, including, but not limited to, environmental, employee, and product safety issues. While it is not feasible to predict or determine the ultimate outcome of these matters, the Company does not believe that an adverse decision in any of these legal proceedings would have a material adverse impact on its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

#### 16. Subsequent Event

On November 8, 2023, the Company executed an Asset Purchase Agreement and associated License Agreement with B&G Foods, Inc., ("the Seller") to acquire certain assets from the Seller relating to its *Green Giant*® shelf-stable vegetable product line. The acquired assets include inventory and an associated license which allows the Company to manufacture, market, distribute, and sell *Green Giant*® shelf-stable vegetable products within the United States in perpetuity. The initial purchase price was approximately \$55.6 million in cash that was funded from borrowings under the Company's Revolver. The initial purchase price is subject to certain post-closing adjustments which are expected to be finalized prior to the Company's fiscal year ending on March 31, 2024.

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#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Seneca Foods Corporation is a leading provider of packaged fruits and vegetables, with facilities located throughout the United States. Our product offerings include canned, frozen and jarred produce and snack chips that are sold under private label as well as national and regional brands that the Company owns or licenses, including Seneca®, Libby's®, Aunt Nellie's®, Cherryman®, Green Valley® and READ®. Canned fruits and vegetables are sold nationwide by major grocery outlets, including supermarkets, mass merchandisers, limited assortment stores, club stores and dollar stores. We also sell products to foodservice distributors, restaurant chains, industrial markets, other food processors, export customers in approximately 60 countries and federal, state and local governments for school and other food programs. Additionally, the Company packs canned and frozen vegetables under contract packing agreements.

#### **Business Trends**

We purchase raw materials, including raw produce, steel, ingredients and packaging materials from growers, commodity processors, steel producers and packaging suppliers. Raw materials and other input costs, such as labor, fuel, utilities and transportation, are subject to fluctuations in price attributable to a number of factors. Fluctuations in commodity prices can lead to retail price volatility and can influence consumer and trade buying patterns. The cost of raw materials, fuel, labor, distribution and other costs related to our operations can increase from time to time significantly and unexpectedly.

We continue to experience material cost inflation for many of our raw materials and other input costs attributable to a number of factors, including but not limited to, the war in Ukraine, supply chain disruptions (including raw material shortages) and labor shortages. While we have no direct exposure to Russia and Ukraine, we have experienced increased costs for transportation, energy and raw materials due in part to the negative impact of the Russia-Ukraine conflict on the global economy. We attempt to manage cost inflation risks by locking in prices through short-term supply contracts, advance grower purchase agreements, and by implementing cost saving measures. We also attempt to offset rising input costs by raising sales prices to our customers. However, increases in the prices we charge our customers may lag behind rising input costs. Competitive pressures also may limit our ability to quickly raise prices in response to rising costs. To the extent we are unable to avoid or offset any present or future cost increases our operating results could be materially adversely affected.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### Net Sales:

The following table presents net sales by product category (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
		September 30, 2023		October 1, 2022		eptember 30, 2023	October 1, 2022		
Canned vegetables	\$	328,586	\$	364,749	\$	579,536	\$	583,084	
Frozen vegetables		43,046		40,095		64,585		59,806	
Fruit products		22,801		23,971		39,539		42,303	
Snack products		4,256		3,695		7,354		6,675	
Other		8,786		7,332		15,125		13,167	
	\$	407,475	\$	439,842	\$	706,139	\$	705,035	

#### Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022

Net sales totaled \$407.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared with \$439.8 million for the three months ended October 1, 2022. The overall net sales decrease of \$32.3 million, or 7.4%, was predominantly due to lower sales volumes having an unfavorable impact of \$43.7 million to net sales partially offset by \$11.4 million of favorability due to higher selling prices and a favorable mix impact, as compared to the prior year three-month interim period.

Net sales for canned vegetables decreased \$36.2 million over the prior year quarter driven by lower volume and was slightly offset by a \$3.0 million increase in net sales for frozen vegetables. Higher pricing in each of these categories, which was necessitated by the material cost increases that the Company is experiencing, partially offset the unfavorable impact to net sales that was generated by the lower volume. While the Company's fruit products category increased pricing in response to material cost pressures, decreased sales volumes had a larger impact on net sales for the quarter resulting in a \$1.2 million decrease to net sales compared to the prior year quarter. Net sales in the snack products category remained relatively consistent quarter over quarter with a \$0.6 million increase. The remaining net sales increase of \$1.5 million was contributed by non-food packaging sales related to the sale of cans and ends, and outside revenue from trucking and aircraft operations.

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#### Six Months Ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022

Net sales totaled \$706.1 million for the six months ended September 30, 2023 as compared with \$705.0 million for the six months ended October 1, 2022. The overall net sales increase of \$1.1 million, or 0.2%, was predominantly due to higher selling prices contributing favorability of \$52.6 million offset by lower sales volumes having an unfavorable impact of \$51.5 million to net sales, as compared to the prior year six-month interim period.

Net sales of canned vegetables decreased \$3.5 million over the prior year six-month interim period as increased pricing did not offset lower sales volume for this category. Net sales of frozen vegetables contributed an increase of \$4.8 million driven primarily by higher sales volumes which outpaced selling prices for this category. Fruit products decreased over the prior year six-month interim period by \$2.8 million, primarily due to lower sales volume. Net sales in the snack products category remained relatively consistent year over year with a \$0.7 million increase. The remaining net sales increase of \$1.9 million as compared to the prior year six-month period was contributed by non-food packaging sales related to the sale of cans and ends, and outside revenue from trucking and aircraft operations.

#### **Operating and Non-Operating Income:**

The following table presents components of operating and non-operating income as a percentage of net sales:

	Three Month	is Ended	Six Months	Ended
	September 30,	October 1,	September 30,	October 1,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Gross margin	14.3%	9.5%	16.1%	9.2%
Selling, general, and administrative expense	5.2%	4.7%	5.8%	5.5%
Other operating income, net	0.3%	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%
Other non-operating income	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%
Interest expense, net	1.8%	0.5%	1.9%	0.5%
Income taxes	1.9%	1.1%	2.1%	0.9%

#### Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022

Gross margin: Gross margin for the three months ended September 30, 2023 was 14.3% as compared with 9.5% for the three months ended October 1, 2022. The increase in gross margin for the three months ended September 30, 2023 was due primarily to the Company incurring a decrease in the LIFO charge for the current quarter as compared to the prior year quarter. The Company's LIFO charge for the three months ended September 30, 2023 was \$9.3 million as compared to a LIFO charge of \$29.2 million for the three months ended October 1, 2022.

<u>Selling, General, and Administrative</u>: Selling, general, and administrative costs as a percentage of net sales for the three months ended September 30, 2023, were 5.2% as compared with 4.7% for the prior year quarter. The increase in selling, general, and administrative costs as a percentage of net sales was largely driven by the decrease in net sales and the fixed nature of certain other expenses. Also, there were routine increases to other expenses within the category, such as cost of living wage adjustments.

Other Operating Income, net: The Company had net other operating income of \$1.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2023, which was driven primarily by the sale of non-operational assets in the Pacific Northwest which were previously classified as held for sale. During the three months ended October 1, 2022, the Company had net other operating income of \$0.6 million, driven primarily by a true-up of the supplemental early retirement plan accrual partially offset by a gain on the sale of various fixed assets.

<u>Restructuring</u>: During the three months ended September 30, 2023, the Company incurred restructuring charges primarily due to equipment moves from ceasing production of green beans at a plant in the Northeast in the previous fiscal year. During the three months ended October 1, 2022, the Company incurred restructuring charges primarily related to plants that were closed in previous periods.

Other Non-Operating Income: Other non-operating income totaled \$1.3 million and \$1.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and October 1, 2022, respectively, and is comprised of the non-service related pension amounts that are actuarially determined.

<u>Interest Expense</u>: Interest expense as a percentage of net sales was 1.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to 0.5% for the three months ended October 1, 2022. Interest expense increased from \$2.4 million in the prior year quarter to \$7.2 million for the current quarter as a result of higher interest rates and increased borrowings under the Amended Term Loan A-2.

#### Six Months Ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022

<u>Gross margin</u>: Gross margin for the six months ended September 30, 2023 was 16.1% as compared with 9.2% for the six months ended October 1, 2022. The increase in gross margin for the six months ended September 30, 2023 was due primarily to the Company incurring a decrease to the LIFO charge for the current six-month interim period as compared the prior year six-month interim period. The Company's LIFO charge for the six months ended September 30, 2023 was \$7.6 million as compared to a LIFO charge of \$48.4 million for the six months ended October 1, 2022.

<u>Selling, General, and Administrative</u>: Selling, general, and administrative costs as a percentage of net sales for the six months ended September 30, 2023, were 5.8% as compared with 5.5% for the prior year six-month interim period. The increase in selling, general, and administrative costs as a percentage of net sales was primarily due to net sales remaining relatively flat year over year and routine increases to labor costs due to annual cost of living wage adjustments. This impact was partially offset by the fixed nature of certain other expenses within the category.

Other Operating Income, net: The Company had net other operating income of \$1.5 million during the six months ended September 30, 2023, which was driven primarily by the sale of non-operational assets in the Pacific Northwest which were previously classified as held for sale. During the six months ended October 1, 2022, the Company had net other operating income of \$2.6 million which was driven primarily by a gain on the sale of the Company's western trucking fleet amongst other fixed assets and a true-up of the supplemental early retirement plan accrual.

<u>Restructuring</u>: During the six months ended September 30, 2023, the Company incurred restructuring charges primarily due to equipment moves from ceasing production of green beans at a plant in the Northeast in the previous fiscal year. During the six months ended October 1, 2022, the Company incurred restructuring charges primarily related to plants that were closed in previous periods.

Other Non-Operating Income: Other non-operating income totaled \$2.7 million and \$3.1 million for the six months ended September 30, 2023, and October 1, 2022, respectively, and is comprised of the non-service related pension amounts that are actuarially determined.

<u>Interest Expense</u>: Interest expense as a percentage of net sales was 1.9% for the six months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to 0.5% for the six months ended October 1, 2022. Interest expense increased from \$3.8 million in the prior year six-month interim period to \$13.8 million for the current six-month interim period as a result of higher interest rates and increased borrowings under the Amended Term Loan A-2.

#### Income Taxes:

The Company's effective tax rate was 23.8% and 23.4% for the six months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively. The effective tax rate increased in the current six-month interim period primarily due to generating fewer federal credits in fiscal year 2024, which increased the current year's effective tax rate by 1.0%. This increase was partially offset by permanent differences and state rate changes having a favorable impact on the effective rate, reducing the rate by a combined 0.6%.

#### Earnings per Share:

A summary of the Company's earnings per common share is as follows:

		Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended		
	Septem 20		October 1, 2022		September 30, 2023		October 1, 2022	
Basic earnings per common share	\$	3.32	\$	2.05	\$	6.36	\$	2.64
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	3.29	\$	2.03	\$	6.30	\$	2.62

For details of the calculation of these amounts, refer to Note 3 "Earnings per Common Share."

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The financial condition of the Company is summarized in the following table and explanatory review (dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data):

	September 30,		October 1,		March 31,		March 31,	
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Working capital:								
Balance	\$	724,694	\$	554,668	\$	637,851	\$	377,531
Change in quarter	\$	86,958	\$	141,526				
Current portion of long-term debt and lease obligations	\$	31,583	\$	22,063	\$	25,792	\$	26,020
Long-term debt, less current portion	\$	492,685	\$	316,345	\$	432,695	\$	109,624
Operating lease obligations, less current portion	\$	13,995	\$	16,508	\$	16,675	\$	22,533
Financing lease obligations, less current portion	\$	14,202	\$	18,499	\$	17,293	\$	19,942
Total stockholders' equity per equivalent common share (1)	\$	79.55	\$	72.71	\$	71.95	\$	68.66
Stockholders' equity per common share	\$	80.34	\$	73.56	\$	72.61	\$	69.41
Current ratio		2.67		2.25		5.08		3.18

Note (1): Equivalent common shares are either common shares or, for convertible preferred shares, the number of common shares that the preferred shares are convertible into. See Note 12 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company's 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment No. 1) for conversion details.

Material Cash Requirements: The Company's primary liquidity requirements include debt service, capital expenditures and working capital needs. Liquidity requirements are funded primarily through cash generated from operations and external sources of financing, including the revolving credit facility. The Company does not have any off-balance sheet financing arrangements. Refer to Note 16 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Statements contained herein for additional discussion of material cash requirements.

Summary of Cash Flows: The following table presents a summary of the Company's cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities (in thousands):

	Six Months Ended					
	Sept	October 1, 2022				
Cash used in operating activities	\$	2023 (26,279)				
Cash used in investing activities		(18,886)		(29,826)		
Cash provided by financing activities		44,990		165,430		
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(175)		1,983		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		12,256		10,904		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	12,081	\$	12,887		

Net Cash Used in Operating Activities: For the six months ended September 30, 2023, cash used in operating activities was \$26.3 million, which consisted of net earnings of \$47.9 million, adjusted by non-cash charges of \$20.0 million, partially offset by operating assets and liabilities using cash of \$94.2 million. The non-cash charges were largely driven by \$21.8 million of depreciation and amortization. The change in operating assets and liabilities was due to inventories being a principal use of cash as the six-month period covered the primary seasonal pack harvest months.

For the six months ended October 1, 2022, cash used in operating activities was \$133.6 million, which consisted of a use of cash of \$173.4 million by operating assets and liabilities partially offset by net earnings of \$21.2 million, adjusted by non-cash charges of \$18.6 million. The non-cash charges were largely driven by \$19.8 million of depreciation and amortization. The change in operating assets and liabilities was largely due to inventories being a use of cash driven by the material cost inflation to various production inputs. The increase in inventories was partially offset by an associated increase in accounts payable.

The cash requirements of the business fluctuate significantly throughout the year to coincide with the seasonal growing cycles of vegetables. The majority of the inventories are produced during the packing months, from June through November, and are then sold over the following year. Cash flow from operating activities is one of the Company's main sources of liquidity.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities: Net cash used in investing activities was \$18.9 million for the six months ended September 30, 2023, and consisted of cash used for capital expenditures of \$26.5 million partially offset by proceeds from the sale of assets totaling \$7.6 million. Net cash used in investing activities was \$29.8 million for the six months ended October 1, 2022, and consisted of cash used for capital expenditures of \$33.8 million partially offset by proceeds from the sale of assets totaling \$4.0 million.

**Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities:** Net cash provided by financing activities was \$45.0 million for the six months ended September 30, 2023, driven primarily by a net increase in the Company's borrowings of \$69.2 million during the six-month interim period. Additionally, the Company used cash of \$19.6 million to purchase treasury stock and \$4.6 million to make payments on financing leases, which partially offset the increased cash provided.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$165.4 million for the six months ended October 1, 2022, driven by a net increase in debt borrowings of \$206.7 million. These cash proceeds were partially offset by purchasing treasury stock of \$37.0 million and by making payments of \$4.3 million on financing leases.

Revolving Credit Facility: On March 24, 2021, the Company entered into a Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement that provides for a senior revolving credit facility of up to \$400.0 million that is seasonally adjusted (the "Revolver"). Maximum borrowings under the Revolver total \$300.0 million from April through July and \$400.0 million from August through March. The Revolver balance is included in Long-Term Debt in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets due to the Revolver's March 24, 2026 maturity. In order to maintain availability of funds under the facility, the Company pays a commitment fee on the unused portion of the Revolver. The Revolver is secured by substantially all of the Company's accounts receivable and inventories and contains borrowing base requirements as well as a financial covenant, if certain circumstances apply. The Company utilizes its Revolver for general corporate purposes, including seasonal working capital needs, to pay debt principal and interest obligations, and to fund capital expenditures and acquisitions.

Seasonal working capital needs are affected by the growing cycles of the vegetables the Company packages. The majority of vegetable inventories are produced during the months of June through November and are then sold over the following year. Payment terms for vegetable produce are generally three months but can vary from a few days to seven months. Accordingly, the Company's need to draw on the Revolver may fluctuate significantly throughout the year.

On September 14, 2022, the Company entered into a First Amendment to the Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the "Revolver Amendment") which amended several provisions to replace LIBOR with SOFR plus a spread adjustment as the interest rate benchmark on the Revolver. The transition to SOFR did not materially impact the interest rates applied to the Company's borrowings. No other material changes were made to the terms of the Company's Revolver as a result of the Revolver Amendment.

Term Loans: On May 28, 2020, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Loan and Guaranty Agreement with Farm Credit East, ACA that provides for a \$100.0 million unsecured term loan. The amended and restated agreement has a maturity date of June 1, 2025 and converted the term loan to a fixed interest rate of 3.3012% until maturity in addition to requiring quarterly principal payments of \$1.0 million, which commenced during fiscal year 2021. This agreement contains certain covenants, including maintaining a minimum EBITDA and minimum tangible net worth.

On January 20, 2023, the Company entered into a Second Amended and Restated Loan and Guaranty Agreement with Farm Credit East, ACA (the "Agreement") which governs two term loans, as summarized below:

Term Loan A-1: The Agreement continues certain aspects of the existing \$100.0 million term loan described above, namely Term Loan A-1 will continue to bear interest at a fixed interest rate of 3.3012%, mature on June 1, 2025, require quarterly principal payments of \$1.0 million, and remain unsecured.

Term Loan A-2: The Agreement adds an additional term loan in the amount of \$175.0 million that will mature on January 20, 2028, and is secured by a portion of the Company's property, plant and equipment. Term Loan A-2 bears interest at a variable interest rate based upon SOFR plus an additional margin determined by the Company's leverage ratio. Quarterly payments of principal outstanding on Term Loan A-2 in the amount of \$1.5 million commenced on March 1, 2023.

On May 23, 2023, the Agreement was amended by the Second Amended and Restated Loan and Guaranty Agreement Amendment 1 which amends, restates and replaces in its entirety Term Loan A-2 (the "Amendment"). The Amendment provides a single advance term facility in the principal amount of \$125.0 million to be combined with the outstanding principal balance of \$173.5 million on Term Loan A-2 into one single \$298.5 million term loan ("Amended Term Loan A-2"). Amended Loan Term A-2 is secured by a portion of the Company's property, plant and equipment and bears interest at a variable interest rate based upon SOFR plus an additional margin determined by the Company's leverage ratio. Quarterly payments of principal outstanding on Amended Term Loan A-2 in the amount of \$3.75 million commenced on June 1, 2023. The Amendment continues all aspects of Term Loan A-1 as defined in the Agreement.

The Amendment contains restrictive covenants usual and customary for loans of its type, in addition to financial covenants including minimum EBITDA and minimum tangible net worth. In connection with Amended Term Loan A-2, the Company incurred \$1.1 million of financing costs which will be deferred and amortized over the life of the term loan.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with all covenants for its revolving credit facility and term loan agreements.

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#### Impact of Seasonality on Financial Position and Results of Operations:

While individual vegetables have seasonal cycles of peak production and sales, the different cycles are somewhat offsetting. Minimal food packaging occurs in the Company's last fiscal quarter ending March 31, which is the optimal time for maintenance, repairs and equipment changes in its packaging plants. The supply of commodities, current pricing, and expected new crop quantity and quality affect the timing and amount of the Company's sales and earnings. When the seasonal harvesting periods of the Company's major vegetables are newly completed, inventories for these packaged vegetables are at their highest levels. For peas, the peak inventory time is mid-summer and for corn and green beans, the Company's highest volume vegetables, the peak inventory is in mid-autumn. The seasonal nature of the Company's production cycle results in inventory and accounts payable reaching their lowest point late in the fourth quarter/early in the first quarter prior to the new seasonal pack commencing. As the seasonal pack progresses, these components of working capital both increase until the pack is complete.

The Company's fruit and vegetable sales exhibit seasonal increases in the third fiscal quarter due to increased retail demand during the holiday seasons. In addition, the Company sells canned and frozen vegetables to a co-pack customer on a bill and hold basis at the end of each pack cycle, which typically occurs during the second and third quarters. The seasonal nature of the Company's sales, particularly holiday driven retail sales, result in the accounts receivable balance reaching its highest point at the end of the second and third fiscal quarters, while typically being the lowest at the end of the first quarter.

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures:**

Adjusted net earnings, EBITDA, and FIFO EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures and are provided for information purposes only. A non-GAAP financial measure is defined as a numerical measure of our financial performance that excludes or includes amounts so as to be different from the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP in our condensed consolidated balance sheets and related condensed consolidated statements of net earnings, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity and cash flows. The Company does not intend for this information to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for other measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted net earnings is calculated on a FIFO basis. The Company believes excluding the impact from the application of LIFO improves the comparability of the Company's financial performance from period to period and with the Company's peers. Set forth below is a reconciliation of reported earnings before income taxes to adjusted net earnings (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	September 30,			Sep	tember 30,			
	2023		October 1, 2022		2023		October 1, 2022	
Earnings before income taxes, as reported	\$	32,577	\$	20,993	\$	62,838	\$	27,725
LIFO charge		9,316		29,210		7,616		48,435
Adjusted earnings before income taxes		41,893		50,203		70,454		76,160
Income taxes (1)		10,118		12,135		16,844		18,551
Adjusted net earnings	\$	31,775	\$	38,068	\$	53,610	\$	57,609

(1) For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, income taxes on adjusted earnings before taxes were calculated using the income tax provision amounts of \$7.8 million and \$4.9 million, respectively, and applying the effective statutory tax rate of 24.9% for each of the respective periods to the pre-tax LIFO charge.

For the six months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, income taxes on adjusted earnings before taxes were calculated using the income tax provision amounts of \$14.9 million and \$6.5 million, respectively, and applying the effective statutory tax rate of 24.9% for each of the respective periods to the pre-tax LIFO charge.

The Company believes EBITDA is often a useful measure of a Company's operating performance because EBITDA excludes charges for depreciation, amortization and interest expense as well as the Company's provision for income tax expense. EBITDA is frequently used as one of the bases for comparing businesses in the Company's industry. FIFO EBITDA also excludes non-cash charges related to the LIFO inventory valuation method. The Company believes FIFO EBITDA improves comparability of the Company's financial performance from period to period and with the Company's peers. The Company's revolving credit facility and term loan agreements use FIFO EBITDA in the financial covenants thereunder. Set forth below is a reconciliation of reported net earnings to EBITDA and FIFO EBITDA (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended				
	Sep	tember 30,			Se	eptember 30,		
EBITDA and FIFO EBITDA:		2023	Oc	tober 1, 2022		2023	Oct	ober 1, 2022
			_		_		_	
Net earnings	\$	24,779	\$	16,131	\$	47,890	\$	21,234
Income tax expense		7,798		4,862		14,948		6,491
Interest expense, net of interest income		7,185		2,370		13,758		3,760
Depreciation and amortization		11,089		10,056		21,769		19,844
Operating lease amortization		1,733		3,191		3,656		6,897
Interest amortization		(114)		(61)		(214)		(121)
EBITDA		52,470		36,549		101,807		58,105
LIFO charge		9,316		29,210		7,616		48,435
FIFO EBITDA	\$	61,786	\$	65,759	\$	109,423	\$	106,540

#### **New Accounting Standards**

Refer to Note 1 "Basis of Preparation and Presentation."

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Revenue Recognition and Trade Promotion Expenses: Revenue recognition is completed for most customers at a point in time basis when product control is transferred to the customer. In general, control transfers to the customer when the product is shipped or delivered to the customer based upon applicable shipping terms, as the customer can direct the use and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from the asset at this point in time. The Company sells certain finished goods inventory for cash on a bill and hold basis. The terms of the bill and hold agreement provide that title to the specified inventory is transferred to the customer prior to shipment and the Company has the right to payment (prior to physical delivery) which results in recorded revenue as determined under the revenue recognition standard.

Trade promotions are an important component of the sales and marketing of the Company's branded products and are critical to the support of the business. Trade promotion costs, which are recorded as a reduction of net sales, include amounts paid to encourage retailers to offer temporary price reductions for the sale of the Company's products to consumers, amounts paid to obtain favorable display positions in retail stores, and amounts paid to retailers for shelf space in retail stores. Accruals for trade promotions are recorded primarily at the time of sale of products to the retailer based on expected levels of performance. Settlement of these liabilities typically occurs in subsequent periods primarily through an authorized process for deductions taken by a retailer from amounts otherwise due to the Company. As a result, the ultimate cost of a trade promotion program is dependent on the relative success of the events and the actions and level of deductions taken by retailers for amounts they consider due to them. Final determination of the permissible deductions may take extended periods of time.

Inventories: The Company uses the lower of cost, determined under the LIFO method, or market, to value substantially all of its inventories. In the high inflation environment that the Company is experiencing, the Company believes that the LIFO method was preferable over the FIFO method because it better matches the cost of current production to current revenue. An actual valuation of inventory under the LIFO method is made at the end of each fiscal year based on the inventory levels and costs at that time. In contrast, interim LIFO calculations are based on management's estimates of expected year-end inventory levels, production pack yields, sales and the expected rate of inflation or deflation for the year. The interim LIFO calculations are subject to adjustment in the final year-end LIFO inventory valuation.

Long-Lived Assets: The Company assesses its long-lived assets for impairment whenever there is an indicator of impairment. Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated over their assigned lives. The assigned lives and the projected cash flows used to test impairment are subjective. If actual lives are shorter than anticipated or if future cash flows are less than anticipated, a future impairment charge or a loss on disposal of the assets could be incurred. Impairment losses are evaluated if the estimated undiscounted value of the cash flows is less than the carrying value. If such is the case, a loss is recognized when the carrying value of an asset exceeds its fair value.

<u>Income Taxes</u>: As part of the income tax provision process of preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Company estimates income taxes. This process involves estimating current tax expenses together with assessing temporary differences resulting from differing treatment of items for tax and accounting purposes. These differences result in deferred tax assets and liabilities. The Company then assesses the likelihood that any deferred tax assets will be recovered from future taxable income and to the extent it is believed the recovery is not likely, a valuation allowance is established.

<u>Pension Expense</u>: The Company has a defined benefit plan which is subject to certain actuarial assumptions. The funded status of the pension plan is dependent upon many factors, including returns on invested assets and the level of certain market interest rates, employee-related demographic factors, such as turnover, retirement age and mortality, and the rate of salary increases. Certain assumptions reflect the Company's historical experience and management's best judgment regarding future expectations.

#### Forward-Looking Information

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" as that term is used in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the fact that they address future events, developments, and results and do not relate strictly to historical facts. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, without limitation, any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate, or imply future results, performance, or achievements, and may contain the words "will," "anticipate," "expect," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe," "seeks," "should," "likely," "targets," "may", "can" and variations thereof and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the effects of rising costs and availability of raw fruit and vegetables, steel, ingredients, packaging, other raw materials, distribution and labor;
- crude oil prices and their impact on distribution, packaging and energy costs;
- an overall labor shortage, ability to retain a sufficient seasonal workforce, lack of skilled labor, labor inflation or increased turnover impacting our ability to recruit and retain employees;
- climate and weather affecting growing conditions and crop yields;
- our ability to successfully implement sales price increases and cost saving measures to offset cost increases;
- the loss of significant customers or a substantial reduction in orders from these customers;
- effectiveness of our marketing and trade promotion programs;
- competition, changes in consumer preferences, demand for our products and local economic and market conditions;
- the impact of a pandemic on our business, suppliers, customers, consumers and employees;
- unanticipated expenses, including, without limitation, litigation or legal settlement expenses;
- product liability claims;
- the anticipated needs for, and the availability of, cash;
- the availability of financing;
- leverage and the ability to service and reduce debt;
- foreign currency exchange and interest rate fluctuations;
- the risks associated with the expansion of our business;
- the ability to successfully integrate acquisitions into our operations;
- our ability to protect information systems against, or effectively respond to, a cybersecurity incident or other disruption;
- other factors that affect the food industry generally, including:
  - o recalls if products become adulterated or misbranded, liability if product consumption causes injury, ingredient disclosure and labeling laws and regulations and the possibility that consumers could lose confidence in the safety and quality of certain food products;
  - o competitors' pricing practices and promotional spending levels;
  - o fluctuations in the level of our customers' inventories and credit and other business risks related to our customers operating in a challenging economic and competitive environment; and
  - o the risks associated with third-party suppliers, including the risk that any failure by one or more of our third-party suppliers to comply with food safety or other laws and regulations may disrupt our supply of raw materials or certain finished goods products or injure our reputation; and
- changes in, or the failure or inability to comply with, U.S., foreign and local governmental regulations, including health, environmental, and safety regulations.

Any of these factors, as well as such other factors as discussed in our other periodic filings with the SEC, could cause our actual results to differ materially from our anticipated results. The information provided in this Form 10-Q is based upon the facts and circumstances known as of the date of this report, and any forward-looking statements made by us in this Form 10-Q speak only as of the date on which they are made. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements after the date of this Form 10-Q to reflect events or circumstances after such date, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

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#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is exposed to various market risk factors, including changes in general economic conditions, competition and raw material pricing and availability. There have been no material changes to the Company's exposure to market risk since March 31, 2023. In addition, the Company is exposed to fluctuations in interest rates, primarily related to its revolving credit facility and Amended Term Loan A-2. To manage interest rate risk, the Company uses both fixed and variable interest rate debt plus fixed interest rate lease obligations.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

The Company maintains a system of internal and disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis. The Company's Board of Directors, operating through its Audit Committee, which is composed entirely of independent outside directors, provides oversight to the financial reporting process.

As reported in the Company's amended Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended March 31 2023, subsequent to the year-end audit, the Company's management identified a material weakness in the Company's internal control over financial reporting relating to the accounting for valuing inventory using the LIFO method, specifically the review controls in place with respect to a year-end adjustment to the calculation of the LIFO reserve were not effective. An actual valuation of inventory under the LIFO method is made at the end of each fiscal year based on the inventory levels and costs at that time. During the formulaic valuation of actual inventory values at fiscal year-end, incorrect quantities were applied to the calculation which resulted in an understatement of the LIFO reserve as of March 31, 2023 and 2022. In contrast, interim LIFO calculations are based on management's estimates of expected year-end inventory levels, production pack yields, sales and the expected rate of inflation or deflation for the year. The interim LIFO calculations are subject to adjustment in the final year-end LIFO inventory valuation.

A material weakness relating to the year-end adjustment to the calculation of the LIFO reserve cannot be considered remediated until the applicable remedial controls operate for a sufficient time. Notwithstanding the existence of the above-mentioned material weakness, the Company believes that the consolidated financial statements in this filing fairly present, in all material respects, the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows as of the dates, and for the periods presented, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Additionally, our management has concluded that the Company's interim LIFO calculations are not impacted by this material weakness.

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of September 30, 2023, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective. The Company continues to examine, refine and formalize its disclosure controls and procedures and to monitor ongoing developments in this area.

In response to the previously disclosed material weakness, the Company has identified certain remedial actions to mitigate the material weakness, including the implementation of new controls and the enhancement of existing controls to reconcile the inventory quantities used in the year-end LIFO calculation to the quantities in the Company's enterprise resource planning system. The Company will also utilize newly developed software, equipped with analytical features allowing for comparison and trend analysis to previous periods, to perform the LIFO calculation. The Company's management will review and investigate material irregularities identified by this software and document the cause of those irregularities prior to approval of the final LIFO calculation.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Refer to Note 15 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained herein.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the Company's Annual Report Form 10-K for the period ended March 31, 2023 except to the extent factual information disclosed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q relates to such risk factors.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

		ımber of	Average Price			Maximum Number
	Shares Purchased		Paid per Share		Total Number of Shares	(or Approximate Dollar Value)
					Purchased as Part of	of Shares that May Yet
	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Publicly Announced	Be Purchased Under the
Period	Common	Common	Common	Common	Plans or Programs	Plans or Programs
7/1/2023 -						
7/31/2023	-	-	\$ -	-		
8/1/2023 -						
8/31/2023 (1)	161,485	-	\$ 49.44	-	152,485	
9/1/2023 -						
9/30/2023	181,596	-	\$ 52.44	-	181,596	
Total	343,081	-	\$ 51.03	-	334,081	721,580 (2)

- (1) Includes 9,000 shares that were purchased in open market transactions by the trustees under the Seneca Foods Corporation Employees' Savings Plan to provide employee matching contributions under the plan.
- (2) As of August 9, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved an amendment to the Company's stock repurchase program, which increased the maximum number of shares to be repurchased under the program up to 2,500,000 shares of the Company's Class A and/or Class B Common Stock, including the shares of convertible participating preferred stock. The Company's stock repurchase program does not have an expiration date.

#### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

#### Item 5. Other Information

(c) Trading Plans
During the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, no director or Section 16 officer adopted or terminated any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (in each case, as defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K).

#### Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	<u>Description</u>
31.1	Certification of Paul L. Palmby pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Michael S. Wolcott pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.1.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Schema Document
101.2.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.3.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.4.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.5.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL with applicable taxonomy extension information contained in Exhibits 101)

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### SENECA FOODS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Paul L. Palmby Paul L. Palmby President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

November 9, 2023

By: /s/ Michael S. Wolcott
Michael S. Wolcott Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

#### EXHIBIT 31.1

#### CERTIFICATION

#### I, Paul L. Palmby, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Seneca Foods Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Paul L. Palmby
Paul L. Palmby
President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

#### EXHIBIT 31.2

#### CERTIFICATION

#### I, Michael S. Wolcott, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Seneca Foods Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Michael S. Wolcott
Michael S. Wolcott
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

#### **EXHIBIT 32**

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18. U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Seneca Foods Corporation (the "Registrant") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, Paul L. Palmby, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Michael S. Wolcott, Chief Financial Officer of the Registrant, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to our knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

/s/ Paul L. Palmby
Paul L. Palmby
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

November 9, 2023

/s/ Michael S. Wolcott Michael S. Wolcott Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)